Topic	Key Words	С-В	A/A*
The Learning of skills	Different levels of skill - differences between novice and top performer, referring to PFACE- Predeterminded, Fluent, aesthetic, Co-ordinated, Efficient	Give example of how you would evaluate a skill using PFACE	Explain the differences between novice and expert performer
	Learning & developing skill - Practice/rehearsal Role models Copying others Trial & error	For each method of learning you should be able to give practical examples	Advantages and disadvantages of each way of learning a skill
	Types of Feedback; intrinsic and extrinsic feedback, knowledge of performance and knowledge of results.	Describe 2 characteristics of each type of feedback Give examples of each type of feedback	Describe how each type of feedback can motivate people to follow an active and healthy lifestyle and the benefits of feedback
Motivation & Mental Preparation	Motivation Define motivation Intrinsic and extrinsic motivation to participate in different roles as participant, leader and official.	Describe the difference between intrinsic & extrinsic Give examples of each type of motivation and for each role.	Apply each type of motives via practical examples.
Goal setting	Goal Setting: Reasons for setting goals - MAPE - Motivate - Control Anxiety & Stress - Improve Performance - Continue with Exercise	Describe effects of goal setting on: Performance; Exercise adherence, Focus, Anxiety, Success, Measuring Progress, Motivation, Rewarding, Encouragement	Be able to explain each of the SMARTER elements and apply them to practical examples eg learning to shoot in football
	Identify SMARTER Principles	List skill within your own sports and set yourself targets according to	Apply each method of mental preparation using a practical examples.

		SMARTER	
Control of	Describe the effects of mental preparation on		Describe the benefits of mental
emotions	performance:	Describe reasons for using mental	preparation on performance;
	Relaxation	preparation-	relaxing, increase self-
	• Focusing	Reasons for mental preparation;	confidence, increased level of
	Raising confidence.	Lower arousal levels, reduce anxiety,	focus, avoid distractions
		focus on task, improve performance,	
		boost Confidence	
	Mental imagery, positive self-talk, relaxation		
	techniques (progressive relaxation training)	Describe how each method of mental	
		preparation can be used	
Skeleton	Functions of skeletal system-	Identify the functions on the skeletal	Explain why each function of
	Shape/support, Blood cell production, Protection,	system and why they are important	skeleton is needed with practical
	Movement, Mineral store	for a healthy lifestyle	examples
	Names of 20 main bones		Describe why healthy skeletal
Synovial joints	Structure of synovial joint- Synovial fluid,	Practise labelling all the major bones	system is needed for active
	membrane, capsule, cartilage, ligaments, tendons and	in the skeleton and describe what job	lifestyle
	articulating bones	they do in the body	
	2 types of synovial (freely moveable) joint- Ball &	Practise drawing and labelling a knee	Describe the characteristics of
	Socket, Hinge	joint, hip joint. Describe the	each joint
Range of	_	structure and role of each component	_
movement		of synovial joint.	Explain the effect of a healthy
	FEAAR- Flexion, Extension Adduction, Abduction,		lifestyle on a performer's joints,
	Rotation,	Describe the movement available at	eg strengthening connective
		each joint	tissue to prevent
	Possible injuries at joints		hyperextension, strengthening
	Osteoarthritis	Give practical examples of each type	muscle to increase joint stability
	Inflamation of joints	of movementDescribe each injury and	
		practical example of when injury may	Explain how to prevent injury
		occur	

Muscles	Types of muscle in the body – 3 types– involuntary,	Practise labelling the major muscles	Describe characteristics of 3
The value of	cardiac & voluntary,	of the body.	types of muscle
healthy and	Name the 12 different muscles		
efficient muscles			
and	Working muscles - Describe-How muscles contract/	Describe which activities will train	
ways in which an	relax, Antagonistic pairs, Role of prime mover,	different muscles	Explain how muscles produce
active, healthy	antagonist, synergist. tendons		movement (4 marks)
lifestyle can		5 1 66 1 6	
maintain and	Effects of exercise on muscles - how improved	Describe effect of exercise on	Describe why healthy muscular
develop the	muscle functioning can improve performance	muscles	system is needed for active
health of muscles			lifestyle
The value for	Describe causes and treatment of	Describe the symptoms and how to	Explain that a healthy, active
healthy tendons	• Strain	treat them if they occur	lifestyle will reduce risk of
and associated	 Overuse 	·	tendon damage, making them
problems and how	 Inflammation 	Describe how to avoid tendon	stronger and more flexible
to avoid them:	 Tendonitis 	problems.	
	 Tennis elbow 		
	 Soreness 		
Principles of	PROPS- Progression, Reversability, Overload,	You must learn the definition of each	Be prepared to explain why and
training	Peaking, Specificity	principle and examples of how they	how each principle of training
	FITT- Frequency, Intensity, Type, Timing	can be included into a training plan.	can be used in a training
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Training methods	Explain and give examples of the following training	Learn the name of each training method and be able to describe at	Advantages and disadvantages of each type of training
	methods: Circuit training, weight training, plyometrics, flexibility training, continuous	least 3 characteristics of each type	each type of training
	training, fartlek and interval training	of training	
	Training, fairles and interval training	of Italiing	
	Be able link each training type to aerobic/anaerobic		
	exercise		
Short-term	Describe the short-term effects of exercise	Discuss the links between increased	Explain concept of anticipatory
effects of an	Cardiovascular system- heart rate, stroke	respiratory rate, tidal volume and	rise to prepare body for

active, healthy lifestyle	volume, cardiac output Respiratory system- respiratory rate, tidal volume, minute volume Muscular system- muscle temperature increases, effects of fatigue Explain the concept of the vascular shunt mechanism	minute volume and the links between increased heart rate , stroke volume and cardiac output Must be able to apply each effect to practical examples	activity.
Aerobic and Anaerobic exercise Effects of lactic acid	Describe aerobic and anaerobic exercise Describe why lactic acid builds up Identify the aerobic and anaerobic training threshold	Have 1 obvious practical example for each and an example of a sport that needs both aerobic and anaerobic	Describe how a cool down increases the oxidation of lactic acid.
Long term effects of exercise	Cardiovascular effects; heart rate, stroke volume and cardiac output, blood pressure, haemoglobin, capillarisation, cardiovascular endurance. Reduce risk of heart disease Effects on the respiratory system; tidal volume, vital capacity and VO2 max, reduction in breathing rate Effects on the muscular system; size and strength of muscle fibres (slow and fast twitch), cardiac hypertrophy, increased size and number of mitochondria, increase in myoglobin content, increased tolerance to lactic acid	Must be able to apply each effect to practical examples Practice writing out definitions. Colour code different definitions to different body systems	Explain that increased oxygen carrying capacity results in increased energy production as well as the increased capacity for blood to transport CO2 and other waste products. Explain that: Increase in size and strength of slow twitch fibres will result in greater aerobic capacity Increase in fast twitch fibres will increase power, strength and speed.
Current Government Initiatives	Be able to describe how and why the govt are promoting healthy lifestyles	Describe a range of up-to-date initiatives, such as: • Five hours of high-quality Physical	Must be able to explain why the govt are promoting these

		Education and sport per week	initiatives
		 One hour of physical activity per day Eating five fruit and vegetables per 	
		day	
		Change 4 life	
Hazards and Injuries	Be able to identify hazards related to the role of participant, leader or official	The gymnasium/sports hall/fitness centre • Playing field • Artificial outdoor areas • Court areas • Outdoor adventurous areas.	Application of potential hazards via practical examples.
Know how to reduce risks and injuries	Know how to minimise risk	 Correct clothing/footwear Personal protective equipment Health and Safety procedures Lifting, carrying and placing equipment safely Appropriate level of competition Warm up and cool down The importance of personal hygiene 	Application of via practical examples
Participation in sport & physical acitivty	Effects of media influences and promotional campaigns for an active, healthy lifestyle on levels of participation. Effects of sponsorship and availability of funds to follow an active, healthy lifestyle	Application of these effects via practical examples with practical examples.	What are the positive and negative effects of media + sponsorship on participation
Reasons for	Local and national provision -	Examples of levels of provision locally	
participation and	The roles of the following in promoting	and nationally in different physical	
non-participation	participation/leading/officiating in physical	activities and their impact on	
in physical	activities:	participation.	
activities and	Local authority		
following an	Private enterprise	Application of these roles via	
active, healthy	Voluntary organisations (clubs)	practical examples.	

lifestyle	 National organisations (National Governing Bodies) Olympic organisations (International Olympic Committee; British Olympic Association). 		
Role of schools	The role of the school in promoting an active,	Application of these using practical	
in physical	healthy lifestyle: (HEEL)	examples	
activity as part	 Health awareness programmes. 		
of a healthy	 Examination courses/related qualifications 		
lifestyle	• Extra curricular activities		
	· Links with clubs/agencies		

Useful websites

Mental Imagery	http://www.brianmac.co.uk/mental.htm
	http://nolimits-consulting.com/VIS.aspx
Mental Preparation	http://www.mindtools.com/page11.html
Learning Skills	Articles relating to different methods of learning skills in sports:
	http://www.associatedcontent.com/article/12731/learning_sports_skills_and_motor_development.html?singlepage=true
Feedback	Feedback: http://www.teachpe.com/sports_psychology/learning_theories.php
Skeleton	http://www.bbc.co.uk/science/humanbody
Injuries	Sports injuries including tendonitis and tennis elbow: http://www.sportsinjuryclinic.net
Principles of training	Sample training programme: http://www.netfit.co.uk/training/trainingadvice/weight-loss-program.htm
Methods of training	Various examples of training methods including video clips: www.pponline.co.uk
Lactic acid & anaerobic work	Brief explanation of anaerobic threshold: http://www.brianmac.co.uk/enduranc.htm#ant
LT effects of exercise on cardiovascular system	Information relating to heart disease and positive effects of exercise on the heart: www.bhf.org.uk
Government initiatives	Healthy eating tips for the family: http://www.nhs.uk/Change4Life Healthy eating information and interactive quiz: http://www.direct.gov.uk/en/HealthAndWellBeing/HealthyLiving/index.htm Healthy eating video, sports nutritionist advice: http://www.nhs.uk/LiveWell/GoodFood/Pages/Goodfoodhome.aspx
Sample risk assessment hazard checklist	http://www.bugs.bham.ac.uk/getinvolved/hazcheck.doc